TENANTS: please share this flood risk information with your landlord or apartment manager.

PROTECT WHAT MATTERS Think about what your family and property means to you. Have you done everything you can to protect them?

KNOW YOUR FLOOD RISK NOW! Your property is located in or near an area that has a high flood risk. It may be within or near either a Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) regulated floodplain or a local regulatory floodplain. These are considered areas that have a 1% or greater chance of being flooded in any given year (a high risk of flooding) and are often referred to as the 100-year floodplain.

CONTACT US NOW IF YOU DON'T KNOW YOUR FLOOD RISK
For floodplain questions and recent floodplain changes near your property, contact your local Floodplain Contact:
Patrick Buckley pbuckley@c3gov.com 303-289-3694
For questions on preparing for an emergency, contact your Office of Emergency Management:
Kirk Dominic kdominic@c3gov.com 303-289-3792

Major Streams Within Your Community
- Dupont Drainage
- First Creek
- Irondale Gulch
- Sand Creek
- Second Creek
- South Platte River
- Third Creek
- West Fork Second Creek

How close do you live to a floodplain? Search your address at http://udfcd.org/floodmap
Anywhere it rains, it can flood. All rivers, streams, tributaries and canals – regardless of size – have the potential to flood. There is a 1 in 4 chance that a high-risk area will be flooded during a 30-year period. If a property was flooded previously, there is still the potential for that property to flood again. Search your address on the UDFCD Flood Hazard Map at udfcd.org/floodmap.

Flood Insurance is recommended for everyone, but especially if you are in or near a mapped floodplain area. Standard homeowners’ insurance policies do not cover flood losses. Property owners can insure their buildings and contents, and renters can insure just their contents especially if you are in or near a mapped floodplain area.

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Your property may have a high flood risk. Take action now.

UNDERSTAND YOUR FLOOD RISK

PROTECT FROM FLOOD HAZARD

Before A Flood

• Obtain flood insurance.
• Keep trash and debris out of the drainage channels, so they can carry flood flows.
• Ensure that water flows away from your house.
• Report potential problems like blocked culverts, or people dumping debris in the channels.
• Construct barriers around window wells or other building openings to keep flood water from entering. Keep materials like sandbags, plywood, plastic sheeting, and lumber handy for emergency waterproofing.
• Floodproofing buildings can help reduce potential flood damages to structures and their contents. Structural changes should be designed by a professional engineer. A building permit may be required for this type of work.
• Ask your plumber about a valve to prevent sewage back-up.

After A Flood

• Cover broken windows and holes in the roof or walls to prevent further weather damage.
• Call your insurance agent. Proceed with immediate clean-up measures to reduce any health hazards. List and take pictures of ruined items before disposing of them. Take pictures of the damage, and keep record of repairs. Show these to the insurance appraiser for verification.
• You need to obtain a permit for repair if it’s more than just cleanup! Contact your local Floodplain Contact on the opposite side of this brochure.

PROTECT PEOPLE FROM FLOOD HAZARD

Before A Flood

• Plan evacuation routes to move to higher ground, and evacuate immediately, if necessary.
• Have photocopies of important documents and valuable papers away from your house (safe deposit box).
• Be prepared to move your valuables to a higher location, if possible.

During A Flood

• During heavy rainfall, stay alert for sirens and possible flood warnings (TV, radio, websites, and social media).
• If you are caught in the house by floodwater, move to a higher floor or the roof. Take warm clothing, a flashlight, your cell phone, and portable radio. Wait for help.
• Avoid contact with floodwater—it is contaminated and potentially hazardous.
• Do not drive through flooded areas—most flood deaths occur in cars.
• Do not drive around road barriers—the road or bridge may be washed out.
• Do not walk through flowing water—6 inches of moving water can knock you off your feet.

After A Flood

• Stay informed—tune to a battery-powered radio, websites, or social media for advice on where to obtain medical care and assistance for such necessities as shelter, clothing, food, and counseling for stress.
• Do not visit disaster areas until authorized to do so.
• The structural, electrical, and plumbing systems, as well as gas lines and water wells should be professionally inspected for safety before re-entering your home.
• Before entering a building, check for structural damage and be alert for gas leaks, turn off outside gas lines to prevent methane from escaping, turn off the gas, and ventilate the area.
• Stay away from downed power lines and electrical wires—electricity can travel through water.
• Look before you step—the ground and floors may be covered with hazardous debris, and floors and stairs can be covered with slippery mud.

Get a Floodplain Use Permit before you build. Construction in the floodway has special requirements. Substantially damaged or improved building have special requirements.

FIND YOUR FLOOD RISK

Search your address on the UDFCD Flood Hazard Map at: udfcd.org/floodmap

Obtain flood insurance. The 30-day waiting period before the policy becomes effective, so plan ahead.

Following a Natural Disaster, Federal assistance may be limited if you don’t have flood insurance.

6-INCH FLOOD 2,000 SQ. FT. HOME

Flooring $31,870
Walls $2,910
Finishing $1,920
Cabinets $4,500
Other $13,950
TOTAL COST $39,150

Find a local Flood Insurance Agent, or evaluate your flood risk, by filling out the Flood Risk Profile at: FloodSmart.gov

BUILD SMARTER, SAFER, AND RESPONSIBLY!

Remember that all development in the floodplain (new construction, addition, remodel, filling and grading, etc.) requires a permit from the local government.

Obtain flood insurance.

You cannot be denied flood insurance.

You do not need to be within a floodplain to qualify for flood insurance.

If you live in a floodplain or high-risk area and have a Federally-backed mortgage, your mortgage lender requires you to have flood insurance.

There is a 30-day waiting period before the policy becomes effective, so plan ahead.

Following a Natural Disaster, Federal assistance may be limited if you don’t have flood insurance.

WE BUILD PROJECTS THAT PROTECT YOU

Benefits of the Floodplain

During flood events, urban stream corridors function as conveyance systems for storm runoff. There is a universal benefit to preserving the natural floodplain functions. Floodplains allow water to spread over a large area reducing the speed and volume of floodwater downstream.

Quality Counts

Help keep our lakes and streams clean: properly dispose of motor oil, pick up pet waste, use car washes instead of washing at home, and follow directions when using fertilizers, pesticides, and weed control chemicals.

FOLLOW US:

• FloodControlDis
• FloodControlDistrict
• FloodControlDistrict
• UDFCD

FIND A LOCAL FLOOD INSURANCE AGENT

Visit: FloodSmart.gov

PREPARE. PLAN. STAY INFORMED.

Search your address on the UDFCD Flood Hazard Map at: udfcd.org/floodmap

Find a local Flood Insurance Agent, or evaluate your flood risk, by filling out the Flood Risk Profile at: FloodSmart.gov

BACK UP.

Obtain flood insurance.

You need to obtain a permit for repair if it’s more than just cleanup! Contact your local Floodplain Contact on the opposite side of this brochure.

FIND YOUR FLOOD RISK

Search your address on the UDFCD Flood Hazard Map at: udfcd.org/floodmap

Find a local Flood Insurance Agent, or evaluate your flood risk, by filling out the Flood Risk Profile at: FloodSmart.gov


Visit: Ready.gov

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